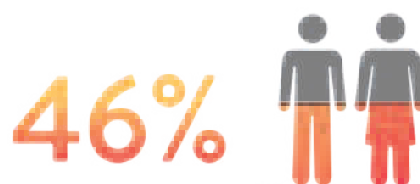
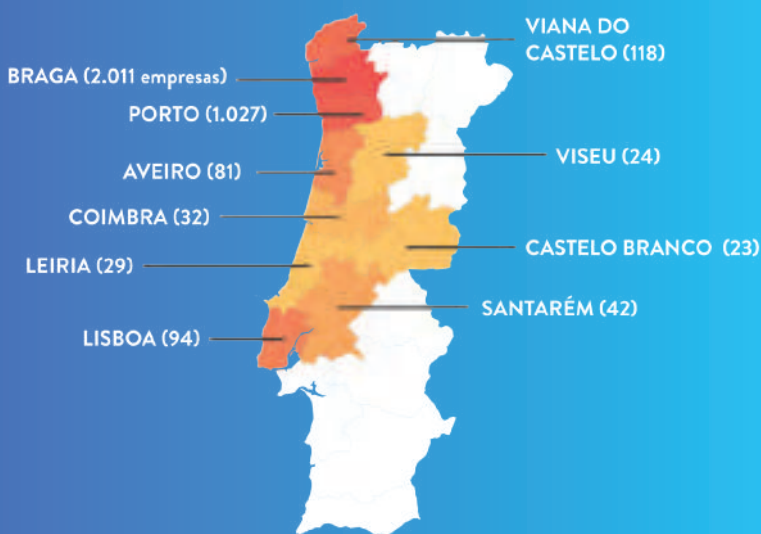
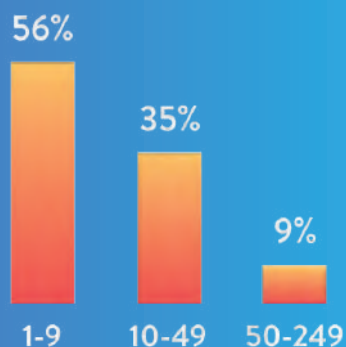


How many of us are there in the **CLOTHING** sector in Portugal?



In 2020, **was predominant** in the textile, clothing, footwear and leather industry as a whole (ITVCC).

The majority are **micro and small** companies. More than **90% of the companies** have **fewer than 50 workers**.



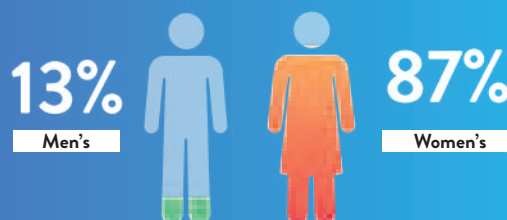
The **clothing industry** employs around 46% of **TCFLI workers**.



86% of clothing companies are concentrated in the north of the country.

Between 2012 and 2018, more than **7.500 net jobs** were created in the sector. But the effects of **Covid-19** have complicated the assessment of this trend between 2020 and 2022.

In 2020, **87% of the 70,000 registered workers** were women.



Programme Operator:



CIG
 COMISSÃO PARA A CIDADANIA
 E A IGUALDADE DE GÉNERO

Promoter:



Partner:



Partner:



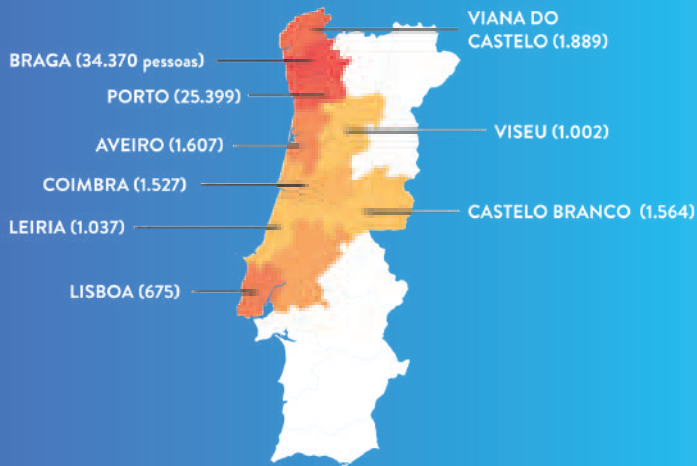
Partner:



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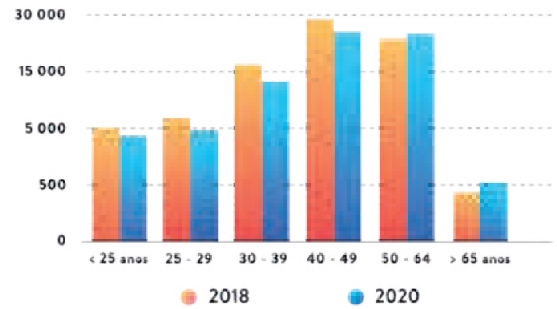


How many of us are there in the **CLOTHING** sector in Portugal?



Braga leads employment in the clothing industry with more than **34.000 workers**.

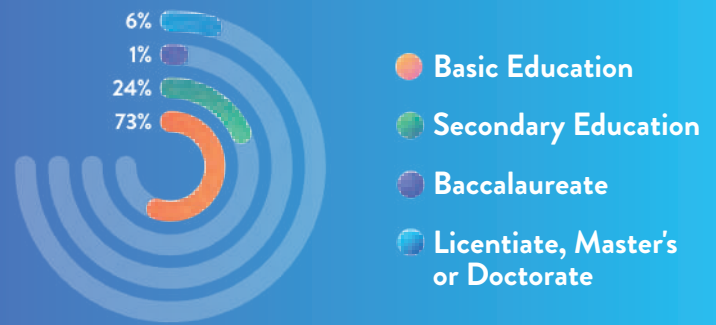
AGE LEVELS



There is a clear **aging of the workers on the clothing sector**. This is a sign that the sector **has been unable to attract young** and more qualified female workers.

The majority of workers, **78,3%**, only have **basic education**, reflecting an educational challenge.

SCHOOLING



50% of workers are concentrated in the professions of **seamstress and specialised seamstress**.

However, the **wage gap** between men and women in the clothing industry is significant, reaching **29% when considering basic pay** - the highest in the TCFLI as a whole.



Programme Operator:



Promoter:



Partner:



Partner:



Partner:



Partner:

